

Lesson 3 : Asking simple questions about someone

chủ : sukumbhand
naam-sagun : paribatra



tỉ-gòt: muang grung-têp,
muang tai
wan-gòt: 22 / 09 / 1952
aa-yú: _____ bpii
kon : tai
yùu tỉ: muang grung-têp,
muang tai
aachĩp : pũu-waa

chủ : yao
naam-sagun: ming



tỉ-gòt : muang siang-hai
bpra-têet jiin
wan-gòt: 12 / 03 / 1980
aa-yú : _____ bpii
kon : jiin
yùu tỉ : muang "houston",
rát "texas"
aachĩp : nák-báas-gêet-boon

chủ : johnny
naam-sagun: depp



tỉ-gòt: muang "owensboro"
rát "kentucky"
bpra-têet a-mee-rí-gaa
wan-gòt: 09 / 06 / 1963
aa-yú : _____ bpii
kon : a-mee-rí-gaa
yùu tỉ: muang "los angeles"
rát "california"
aachĩp : nák-sàdēeng (daaraa)

chủ : takeshi
naam-sagun : kitano



tỉ-gòt: muang "tokyo",
bpra-têet yĩbpùn
wan-gòt: 18 / 01 / 1947
aa-yú : _____ bpii
kon : yĩbpùn
yùu tỉ: muang "tokyo"
bpra-têet yĩbpùn
aachĩp : pũu-gamgáp nǎng
lé nák-sàdēeng
(daaraa)

Learn to ask Wh- questions with Bangkok Governor

In Thai, the position of some interrogative pronouns may vary. However most of them occur at the end of the question.

Question structure : S . + V . + Obj. + interrogative pronoun?

Answer structure : S . + V . + Obj. + response word

1. Questions with “àrai” (what)

dtua-yàang :

<u>Question</u>		<u>Answer</u>	
káo chûu		káo chûu	sukhumbhand
káo mii aachĩp		káo bpen	pûu-wâa
káo maa jàak bprà-têet	àrai?	káo maa jàak bprà-têet	tai
káo pûut paasăa		káo pûut paasăa	tai
káo bpen kon		káo bpen kon	tai

2. Questions with “mûarài” (when)

With “mûarài” answers follow the pattern :

S.+V.+ Obj. + time expression

dtua-yàang :

<u>Question</u>	<u>Answer</u>
káo gèet mûarài ?	káo gèet wan-tĩ 22 đuan tĩ-9, bpii 1952

3. Questions with “tĩ-nǎi” (where)

With “tĩ-nǎi” answers follow the pattern :

S.+V.+ Obj. + tĩ + location

dtua-yàang :

<u>Question</u>		<u>Answer</u>		
káo yùu	tĩ-nǎi?	káo yùu	tĩ	grung-têep
káo gèət		káo gèət		grung-têep
káo maa jàak		káo maa jàak	tĩ	grung-têep / mưang tai

Note : With “maa jàak” (to come from), “tĩ” will always be omitted in the answer

4. Questions with “measure word + tâorài” (how + measure word)

With “aa-yú tâorài” (how old), the answers follow the pattern :

S.+V.+ Obj. + number + bpii

dtua-yàang :

<u>Question</u>	<u>Answer</u>
káo aa-yú tâorài?	káo aa-yú 56 bpii

Speaking practice: ask / answer questions about a person presented in the book

Nationalities, countries and languages

	<u>Nationality :</u> kon + ...	<u>Country:</u> bprà-têet +...	<u>Language :</u> paasăa +...
... <u>eechia</u>	Asian	Asian country	Asian language
... yǐbpùn	Japanese	Japan	Japanese language
... gaolǐ	Korean	Korea	Korean language
... tai	Thai	Thailand	Thai language
... jin	Chinese	China	Chinese language
... india	Indian	India	Indian language
... sǐng-ga-bpoo	Singaporean	Singapore	Singaporean language
... <u>faràng</u>	Westerner	Western country	Western language
... a-meerígaa	American	America	-
... kɛɛnnada	Canadian	Canada	-
... <u>yú-ròop</u>	European	European country	European language
... ang-grít	english	England	English Language
... faràng-sèet	French	France	French language
... yəəra-man	German	Germany	German language

Personal Pronouns: basics

pǒm	I / me (male)
dichán	I / me (female)
chán	I / me (female)
kun	you / your
káo	he / him; she / her
man	it
rao	we / us
káo	they / them
pûak-káo	they / them

Reminder : pronouns are frequently omitted when speaking

To be : yùu / bpen?

1. yùu = to be located / to live

dtua-yàang :

rao yùu tǐ roong-rian

= we are at school

puāk-káo yùu tǐ bprà-têet yǐbpùn

= they live in Japan

2. bpen = to be + noun

dtua-yàang :

kruu bpen kon tai

= the teacher is Thai

johnny depp bpen nák-sàdɛɛng

= johnny depp is an actor

aachĩp (occupation)

nák + verb or noun

nák-róng

singer

nák-sàdɛɛng

actor

nák-kiǎn

writer

nák-rian

student

nák-fúbɔɔn

football player

nák-tennít

tennis player

nák-báas-gê-t-bɔɔn

basket-ball player

Other occupations

kruu

teacher

bprà-taa-naa-típɔɔdii

President (of a country)

pûu-wâa

Governor

pûu-gamgàp nǎng

movie director

Main Vocabulary

aachĩp	n.	occupation
aa-yú	n.	age
àrai	pron.	what
bpen	v.	to be
bpii	n.	year
bprà-têet	n.	country
châu	n.	first name
duan	n.	month
dtua-yàang	n.	example
gèət	v.	to be born
grung-têep	n.	Bangkok
jàak	prep. / adv.	from
kon	n.	people, person
kon tai	n.	Thai people/person
maa (jàak)	v.	to come (from)
muang	n.	town
mûarài	pron.	when
naam-sagun	n.	last name
paasǎa	n.	language
rát	n.	state
riâk wâa	v.	to be called
tĩ	prep.	at
tĩ 1/2/3...	n.	first/ second/ third...
tĩ-gèət	n.	birth place
tĩ-nǎi	pron.	where
wan-gèət	n.	birthday
wan-tĩ	n.	date
yùu	v.	to be / to live

Lesson 3 : Asking simple questions about someone

Exercise 1 : Match the Thai word with the English word

_____	1. naamsagun	a. state
_____	2. wan-gèət	b. occupation
_____	3. yùu tǐi	c. actor
_____	4. chûu	d. birthplace
_____	5. tǐi-gèət	e. age
_____	6. aa-yu	f. city
_____	7. aachǐp	g. prime minister
_____	8. mʉang	h. birthday / date of birth
_____	9. ná-k-sàdɛɛng	i. first name
_____	10. rát	j. basket-ball player
_____	11. naayók rát-tà-mon-dtrii	k. last name
_____	12. ná-k bá-as-gêet-bɔɔn	l. live at

Exercise 2 : Fill the form with your personal information

chûu : _____ naamsagun: _____

tǐi-gèət : mʉang _____
 rát _____
 bprà-têet _____

wan-gèət : _____ / _____ / 19_____

aa-yú : _____ bpii _____

kon : _____

yùu tǐi : mʉang _____
 rát _____
 bprà-têet _____

aachǐp : _____

Exercise 3 : Match the Thai word with the English word

chûu : elton
 naamsagun: john
 aachîp : ná k-róng



chûu : barack
 naamsagun: obama
 aachîp : bprà-taa-naa-tí pboodii



chûu : maria
 naamsagun: sharapova
 kon : rá tsia
 aachîp : ná k-tenní t



chûu : paulo
 naamsagun : coelho
 kon : braasin
 aachîp : ná k-kiǎn



chûu : thierry
 naamsagun: henry
 aachîp : ná k-fútboon



chûu : tiger
 naamsagun : woods
 aachîp : ná k-góof



- ___ 1. ná k-róng
- ___ 2. ná k-kiǎn
- ___ 3. kon braasin
- ___ 4. bprà-taa-naa-tí pboodii
- ___ 5. ná k-fútboon
- ___ 6. bprà-têet rá tsia
- ___ 7. ná k-tenní t
- ___ 8. ná k-góof
- ___ 9. ná k-sàdeeng

- a. writer
- b. Russia
- c. President (of a country)
- d. football player
- e. tennis player
- f. golf player
- h. singer
- i. actor
- j. Brazilian

Exercise 4 : Answer the following questions

Q- kun bpen kon àrai?

which nationality are you?

A- _____

Q- kun yùu tĩnǎi?

where do you live?

A- _____

Q- kun aa-yú tâorài?

how old are you?

A- _____

Q- kun chũu àrai?

what is your name?

A- _____

Q- kun maa jàak tĩ-nǎi ?

where do you come from?

(or kun maa jàak bprà-têet àrai?)

A- _____

Q- kun pũut paasǎa àrai ?

what languages do you speak?

A- _____ lé (and) _____

Exercise 5 : Choose between yùu / bpen

1. káo _____ kon gaoliĩ

2. pǒm _____ (tĩ) bān (at home)

3. paulo coelho _____ nák-kiǎn

4. rao yang mǎi _____ (tĩ) “saxophone”

5. pũak káo _____ nǎi?

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____